of the contents plainly and conspicuously marked on the outside of the package, since the statement "One Pound" was not correct as the packages contained less than 1 pound.

On June 15, 1928, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, Secretary of Agriculture.

16031. Adulteration of frozen poultry. U. S. v. 1 Barrel of Frozen Poultry Consent decree of condemnation and destruction entered. (F. & D. No. 22937. I. S. No. 02819. S. No. 1010.)

On or about August 7, 1928, the United States attorney for the District of Connecticut, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 1 barrel of frozen poultry, remaining in the original unbroken package at Hartford, Conn., alleging that the article had been shipped by Swift & Co., Rockford, Ill., on or about July 19, 1928, and transported from the State of Illinois into the State of Connecticut, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that it consisted in part of a filthy, decomposed, and putrid animal substance, in that it consisted in part of a portion of an animal unfit for food, and in that it was the product of a diseased animal.

On September 25, 1928, the owner of the product having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, Secretary of Agriculture.

16032. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 16 Cubes of Butter. Consent decree of condemnation and forfeiture. Product released under bond. (F. & D. No. 22028. I. S. No. 17372-x. S. No. 48.)

On July 29, 1927, the United States attorney for the Northern District of California, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 16 cubes of butter, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Oakland, Calif., alleging that the article had been shipped by A. T. McCauley (Inc.), from Portland, Oreg., July 19, 1927, and had been transported from the State of Oregon into the State of California, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in violation of section 7, paragraph 2 under food of said act in that it was deficient in milk fat.

On August 10, 1927, the Oregon City Creamery Co., having appeared as claimant for the property and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the said claimant upon payment of the costs of the proceedings and the execution of a bond in the sum of \$400, conditioned in part that it be made to conform with the law under the supervision of this department.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, Secretary of Agriculture.

16033. Adulteration of figs. U. S. v. 144 Boxes of Black Figs. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 22072. I. S. No. 19604-x. S. No. 117.)

On September 30, 1927, the United States attorney for the District of Minnesota, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 144 boxes of black figs, remaining in the original unbroken packages at St. Paul, Minn., alleging that the article had been shipped by the Sunland Sales Cooperative Association, from Fresno, Calif., August 15, 1927, and had been transported from the State of California into the State of Minnesota, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy, decomposed, and putrid vegetable substance.

On July 9, 1928, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.